



HCRUP
ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΕΤΑΙΡΕΙΑ ΜΕΛΕΤΗΣ
ΜΗΤΡΑΣ-ΠΛΑΚΟΥΝΤΑ
HELLENIC COLLEGE RESEARCH
OF UTERUS-PLACENTA



PRIVATE GENERAL, OBSTETRIC - GYNAECOLOGICAL
& PAEDIATRICS CLINIC - DIAGNOSTIC
THERAPEUTIC & RESEARCH CENTER

3rd SEMINAR

ΜΑΙΕΥΤΙΚΗΣ ΑΙΜΟΡΡΑΓΙΑΣ POST PARTUM HEMORRHAGE

Διεισδυτικός Πλακούντας
Placenta Accreta Spectrum

Διαχείριση και Αντιμετώπιση
Βήμα-Βήμα
Management and Surgical Treatment
Step by Step

17 NOV

THEORETICAL & PRACTICAL COURSE

SIMPLE RESOLUTION OF COMPLEX CESAREAN SECTION:

Includes:

- Theoretical Framework (interactive talks)
- Learning Workshops (simulation stations, video session)

INSTRUCTORS :

Stavros Fotopoulos
José M. Palacios Jaraquemada
Albaro J. Nieto Calvache
Marilia Nikolaidou

16 & 17
NOVEMBER
2024

IASO CLINIC



INSTRUCTORS



José Miguel Palacios-Jaraquemada M.D, PhD.

Surgeon, a researcher in placenta accreta spectrum, obstetric hemorrhage, and uterine repair. Associate Physician at CEMIC University Hospital; Buenos Aires, Argentina. Placental Magnetic Resonance Consultant at south Scientific Foundation, Lomas de Zamora, Argentina; Head Anatomy Professor at School of Medicine, University of Buenos Aires, Argentina. Invited Professor at Airlangga University, Indonesia. Fellow ad eundem of the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynecology. Member of the Argentine and International Societies of Obstetrics and Gynecology. Author of more than 150 indexed peer review publications, 12 books, and chapters, and received 9 national and international awards.



Albaro José Nieto-Calvache

is an obstetrician specializing in teaching and intensive care. He works in Colombia and leads the Placenta Accreta Spectrum (PAS) Program at Fundacion Valle de Lili. He has a special interest in the difficulties faced by women with PAS in resource-limited settings and has focused his research efforts on this topic on which he has published more than 70 scientific papers. He is also professor at the ICESI University in Colombia. Dr Nieto-Calvache is part of the Latin American Group for the Study of the Placental Accreta Spectrum, as well as other scientific societies focused on PAS (IS-PAS and PAS2).



Φωτόπουλος Σταύρος

Μαιευτήρας – Γυναικολόγος, Διδάκτωρ Ιατρικής Σχολής Ε.Κ.Π.Α., Αθήνα



Νικολαΐδου Μαρίλια

MD, MSc, Μαιευτήρας Χειρουργός Γυναικολόγος, Αθήνα

ΕΓΓΡΑΦΕΣ

16/11

ΘΕΩΡΗΤΙΚΟ ΜΕΡΟΣ

140€

17/11

ΠΡΑΚΤΙΚΟ ΜΕΡΟΣ*

130€

[click here](#)

Οι παραπάνω τιμές δεν περιλαμβάνουν 24% Φ.Π.Α.

! *Η συμμετοχή στο πρακτικό μέρος προϋποθέτει συμμετοχή και στο θεωρητικό μέρος.

Γλώσσα Συνεδρίου:
Ελληνικά και Αγγλικά

SIMPLE RESOLUTION OF COMPLEX CESAREAN SECTION

THEORY

Theoretical Framework

Four (4) to six (6) interactive talks of 25 minutes each, followed by 5 minutes of discussion. Presentations are aimed at meaningful learning with clear and practical educational objectives. They are dynamic, free from encyclopedic or superfluous content, and useful for daily practice.

Learning Workshops

- 1. Simulation Component:** simulation stations are proposed, including the execution of surgical techniques useful in managing postpartum hemorrhage using low-cost simulators
- 2. Review of Interactive Clinical Cases:** High-quality videos of patients undergoing complex obstetric procedures will be presented. The focus is mainly on myometrial defects with placental intrusion (uterine dehiscence and spectrum of placental accreta), including patients with difficulty accessing the abdomen (multiple cesareans) and those at risk of hemorrhage or with established hemorrhage (placenta previa, broad ligament hematoma, ectopic pregnancy, etc.).

WORKSHOP

Specific Objectives

At the end of the course, participants **should be able to:**

1. Describe the areas and vascular pedicles of the female genital system.
2. Represent the pelvic spaces and their safe access.
3. Describe and perform hemostasis of the lower uterine segment.
4. Repair the dehiscence uterine segment.
5. Describe and perform internal aortic compression.
6. Describe the ultrasound signs of placenta accreta and other conditions of a complex cesarean section (uterine dehiscence, placenta previa, etc.).
7. Establish a therapeutic algorithm for the incidental finding of placenta accreta.
8. Describe therapeutic options for placenta accreta.
9. Perform operative staging in myometrial dehiscence with or without placental intrusion.
10. Perform uterine hemostatic procedures without volume loss.
11. Describe and perform a hemostatic procedure for different uterine segments.
12. Perform a high hysterotomy during cesarean operation to prevent myometrial defects.

GOALS